True or False Test: Christian Historical Method. Circle the Correct Answer

- 1. The Christian Historical Method exclusively relies on biblical texts for historical analysis. (True False)
- Archaeological findings play a significant role in the Christian Historical Method. (Vrue False)
- 3. The Christian Historical Method generally disregards non-Christian sources when studying early Christian history. (True False)
- The Council of Nicaea in AD 325 played a crucial role in shaping Christian doctrine and history. (True False)
- 5. The Dead Sea Scrolls have no significance in the study of Christian history.

## (True False)

- Oral traditions are considered an unreliable source in the Christian Historical Method. (True Forse)
- 7. The writings of early Church Fathers are an important resource in Christian historical studies. (True False)
- 8. The Christian Historical Method assumes the inerrancy of the Bible in all historical details. (True Farse)

- 9. The discovery of the Nag Hammadi library has had a substantial impact on understanding early Christian thought. (True/False)
- 10. The Christian Historical Method does not consider the socio-political context of the time when interpreting historical events. (True/False)
- 11.Gnostic texts are considered heretical and therefore irrelevant in the Christian Historical Method. (True/False)
- 12. The Christian Historical Method includes the study of early Christian art and architecture. (True False)
- 13. The Christian Historical Method often involves comparative studies with other religious movements of the same era. (True False)
- 14.Eyewitness accounts in the New Testament are considered secondary sources in Christian historical analysis. (True False)
- 15. The Christian Historical Method includes critical analysis and scrutiny of biblical tex s. (True/False)
- 16. The diversity of early Christian beliefs and practices is a minor aspect in Christian historical studies. (True/False)
- 17.Martyrologies have no value in understanding the history of early

Christianity. (True/False)

18. The spread of Christianity in the Roman Empire is a central focus of the Christian Historical Method. (True False)

19. The Christian Historical Method does not involve the study of ancient languages. (True False)

20. Theological debates of early Christianity are irrelevant to the Christian

Historical Method. (True/False)

16/20 = 80%